

# Field redefinitions in Asymptotic Safety

Benjamin Knorr

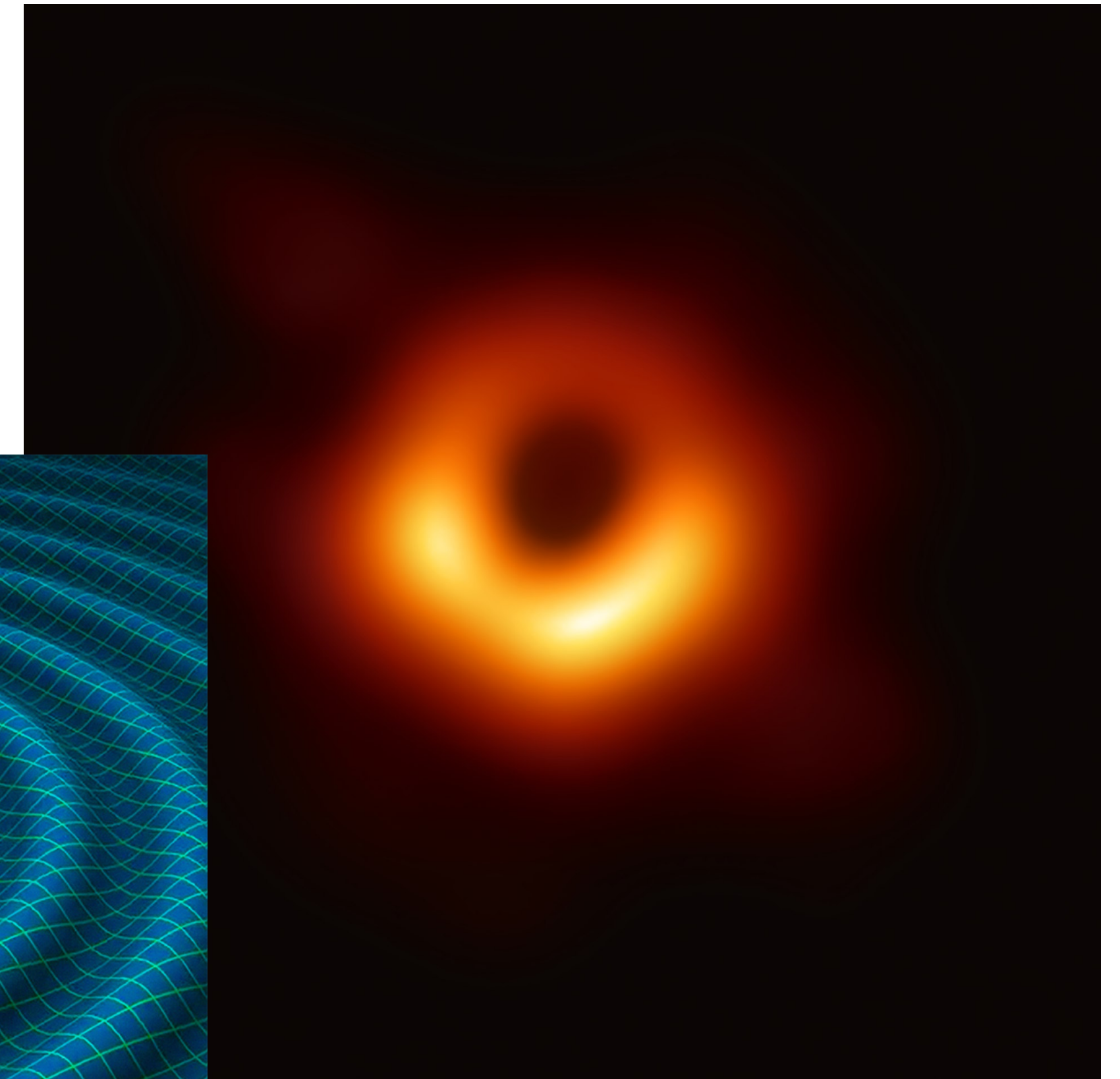
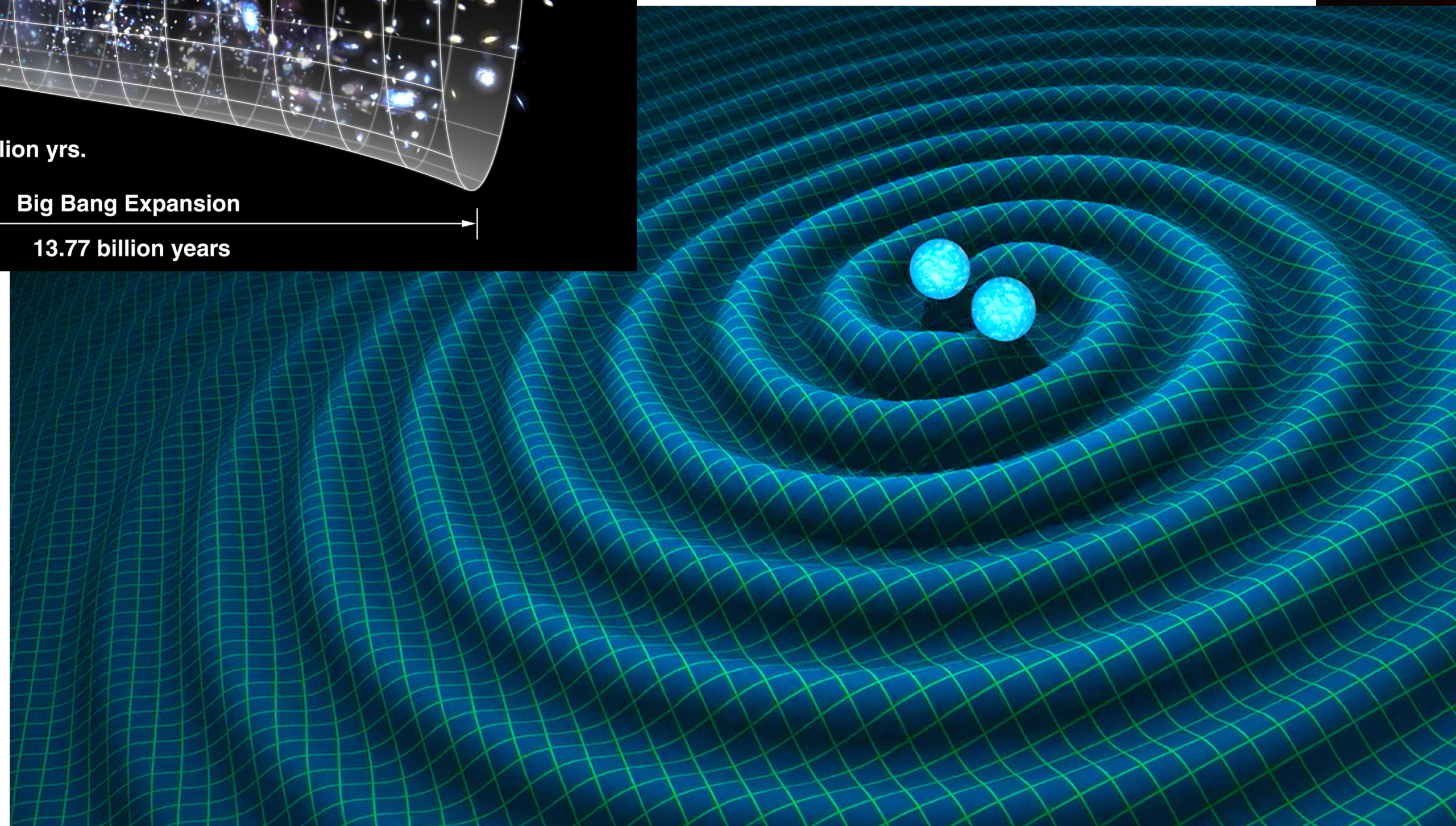
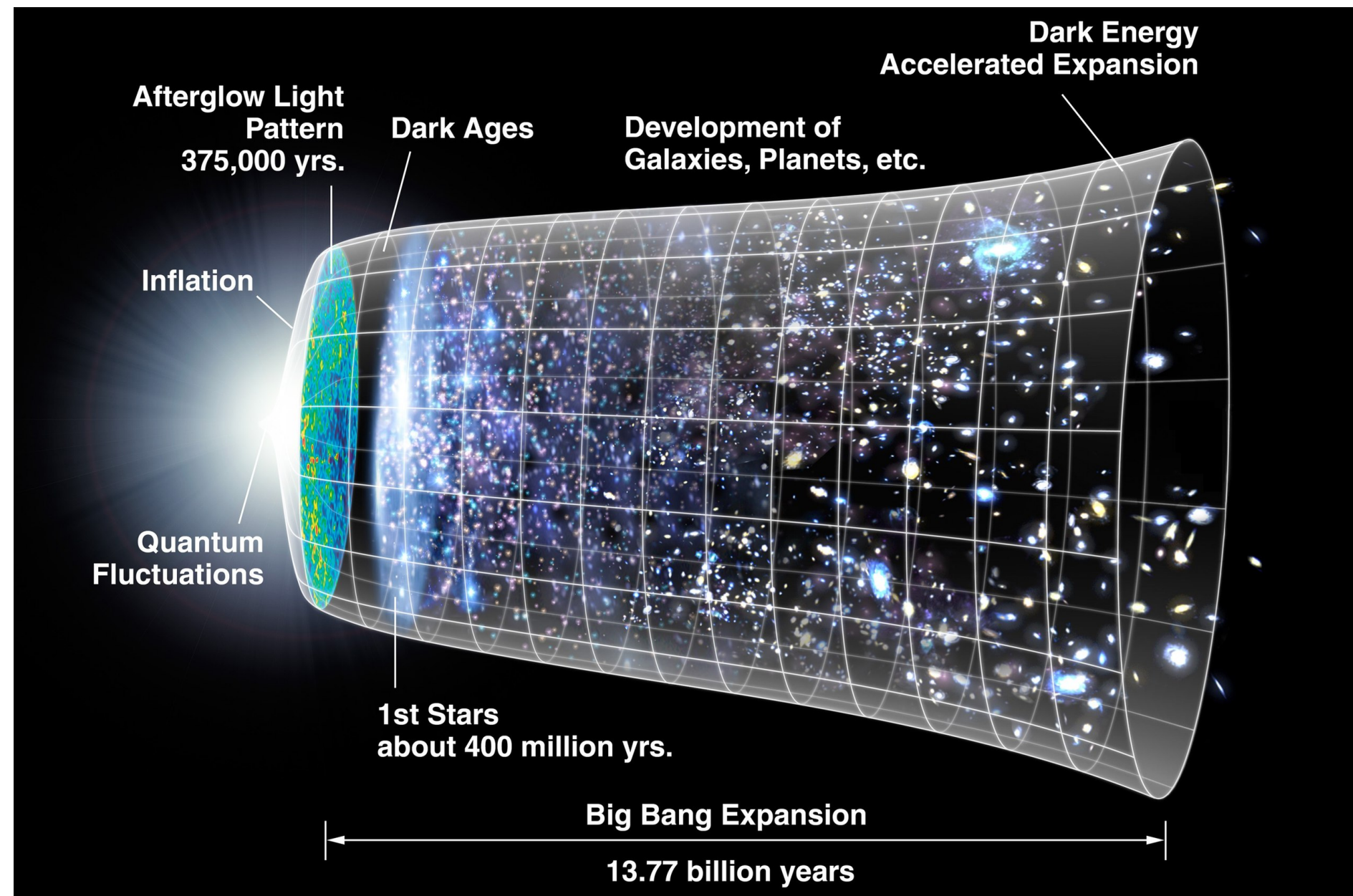
*2204.08564*

*2311.12097*

*2312.03831 w/ A. Baldazzi, K. Falls, Y. Kluth*

*2405.08860 w/ A. Platania*

# A Perspective on Quantum Gravity



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lack of smoking gun  
quantum gravity experiments

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many big ideas  
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**why trust any  
approach in particular?**

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  1. set up quantum theory of gravity and matter (at least SM)
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- less glamorous, more down-to-earth: fix starting point and see how far you get



# A Perspective on Quantum Gravity

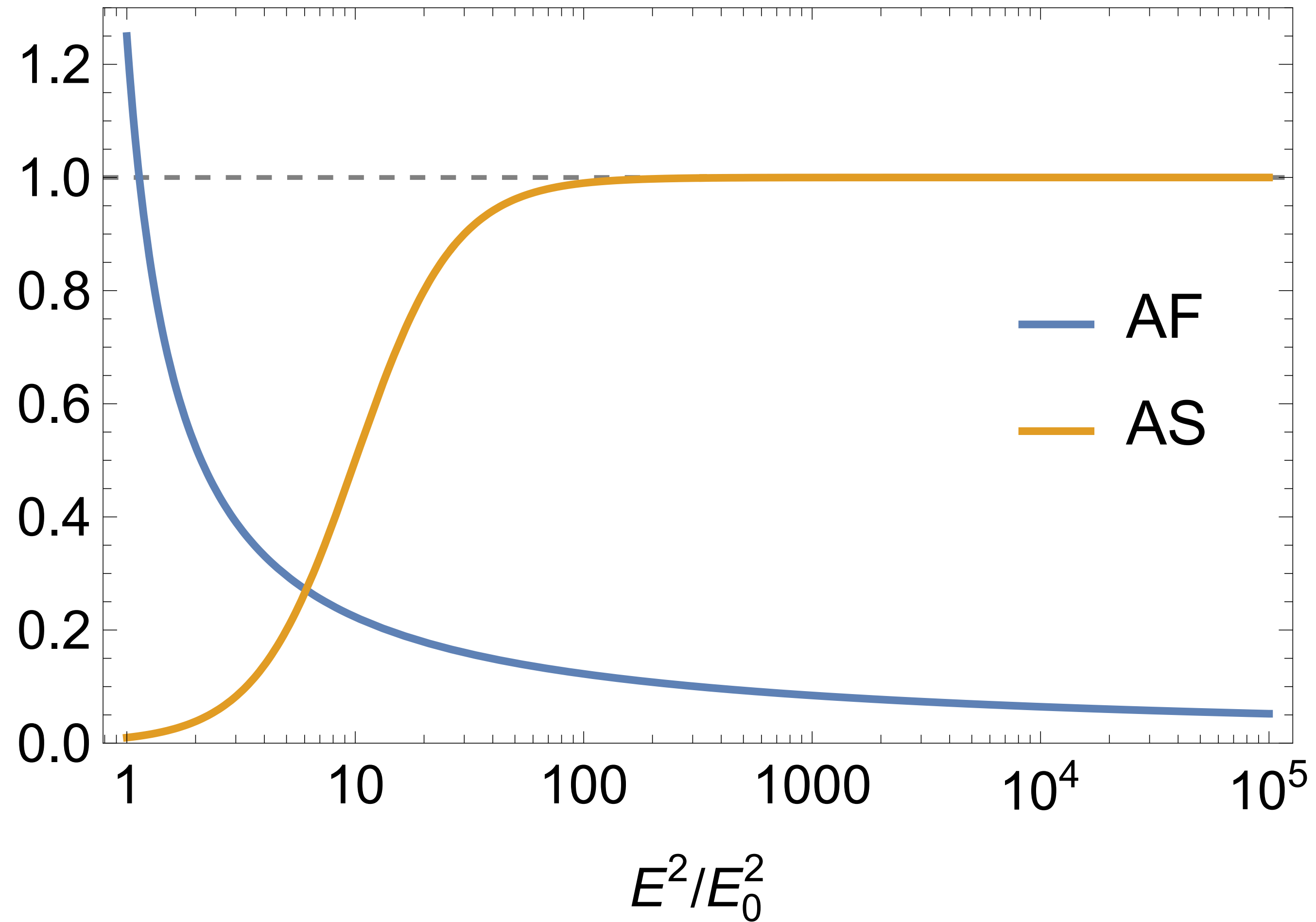
- working hypothesis: QFT works also for QG
  - access to standard QFT notions like **renormalisation group** and **scattering amplitudes**
  - connection to EFT: **positivity bounds**
- in this talk: work towards  $(2 \rightarrow 2)$  amplitudes in Asymptotic Safety, but general ideas can be carried over to other approaches
- constraint: make my life as simple as possible

# Outline

- Asymptotic Safety: lightning review
- Scattering amplitudes, field redefinitions and (in-)essential couplings
- Essential couplings in quantum gravity
- RG of essential QG - selected results
- Summary

# **Asymptotic Safety: lightning review**

# Asymptotic Safety



# Asymptotic Safety

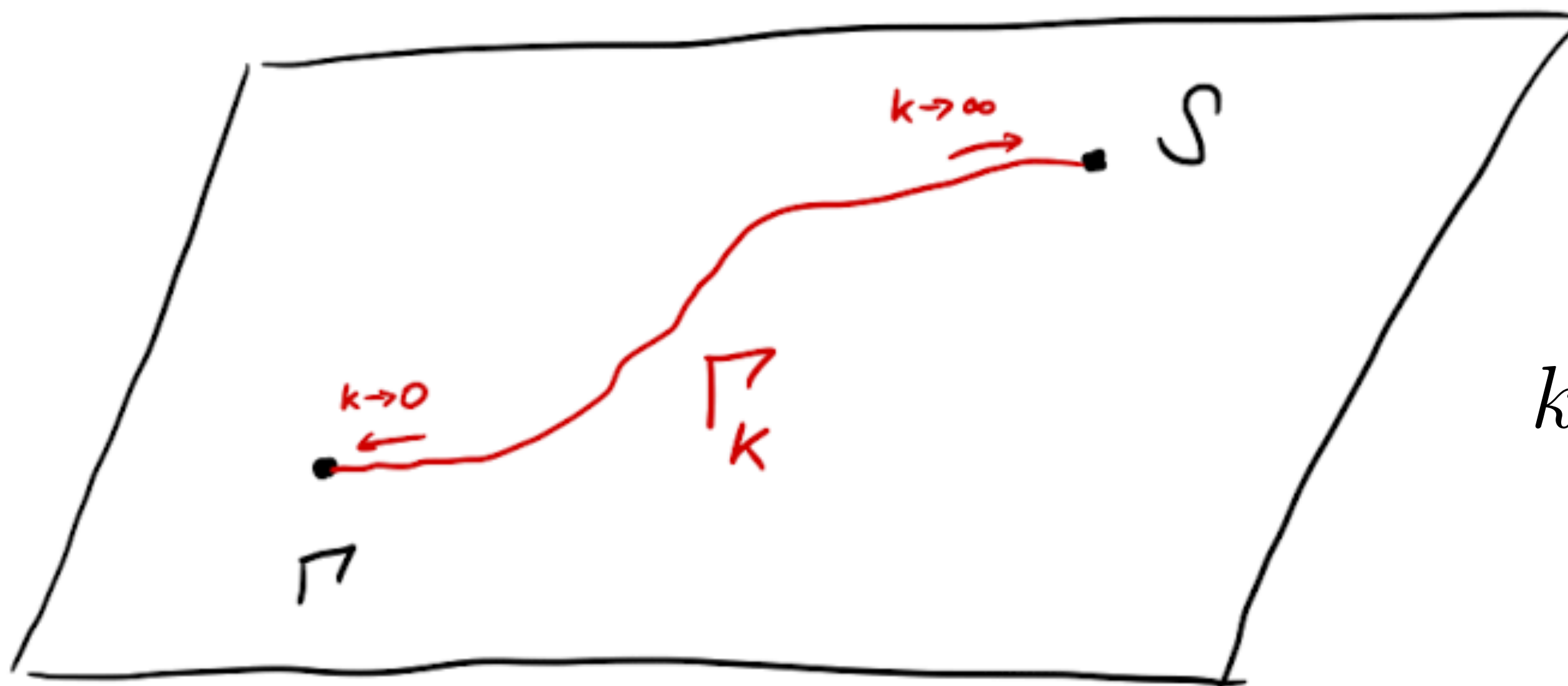
- conditions:
  - all beta functions vanish at non-vanishing value of couplings (finiteness)
  - only finitely many couplings are relevant (predictivity)
- you also want unitarity, causality, compatibility with IR physics (observations/experiments), ...
- tool: Functional Renormalisation Group (FRG)

# FRG

- effective average action  $\Gamma_k$ : interpolation between microscopic action  $S$  and effective action  $\Gamma$
- **fiducial** scale  $k$ , physics recovered when  $k \rightarrow 0$

recall Roberto's talk:  
physical running vs. k-running

$\Rightarrow G_N$  and  $\Lambda$  do NOT have physical running!



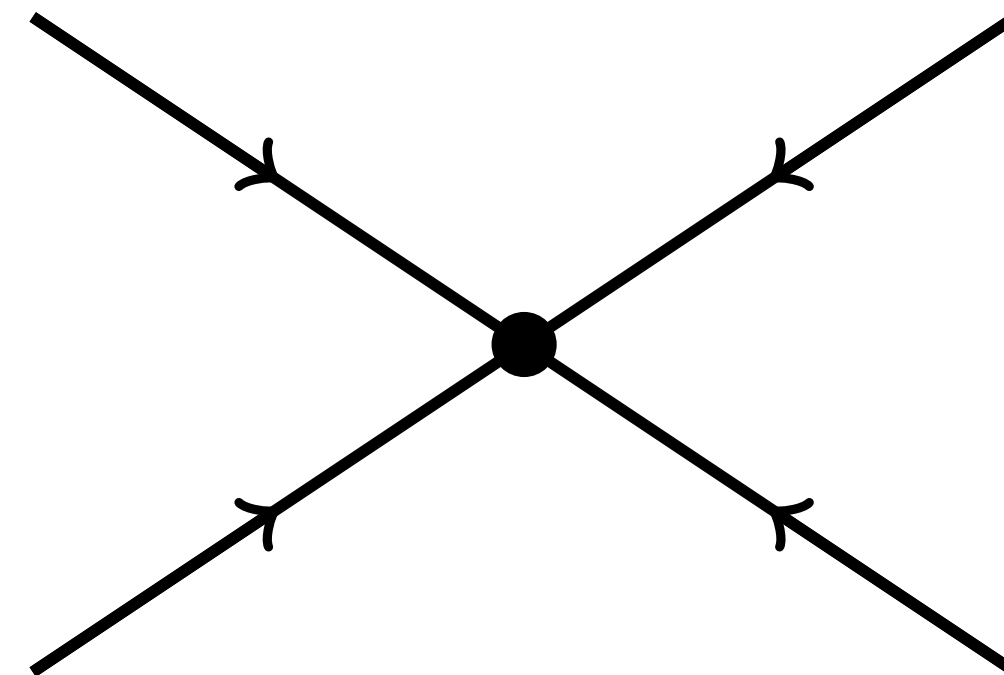
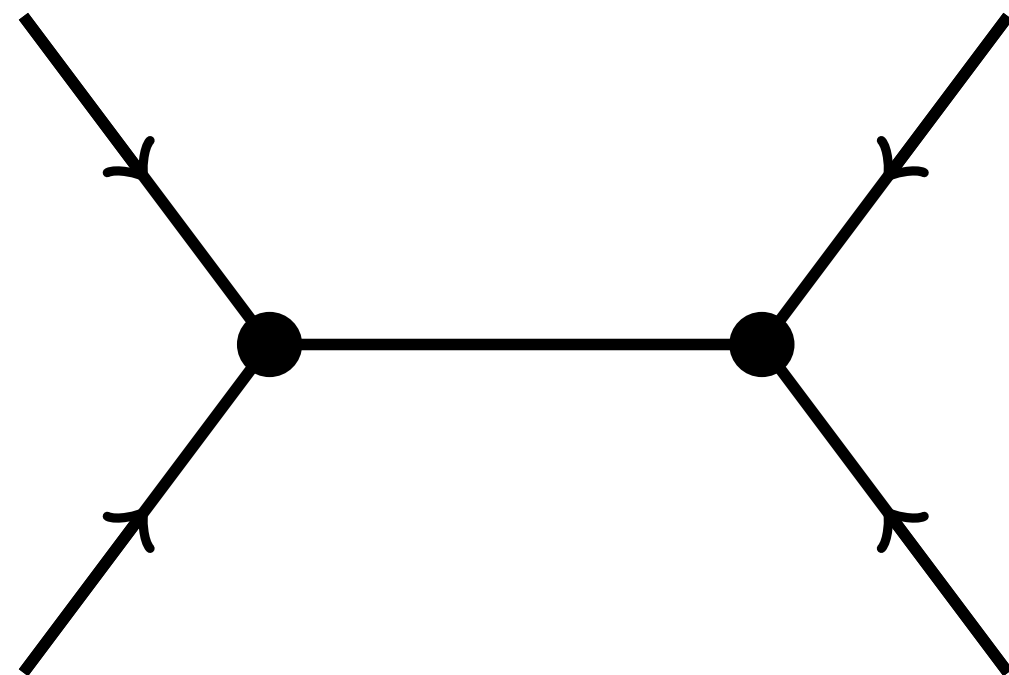
$$k \partial_k \Gamma_k = \frac{1}{2} \text{STr} \left[ \left( \Gamma_k^{(2)} + \mathfrak{R}_k \right)^{-1} k \partial_k \mathfrak{R}_k \right]$$

Wetterich '93

**Scattering amplitudes,  
field redefinitions and (in-)essential couplings**

# Effective Action

- for now: talk about **exact** theory (later: approximations) in the “not too strongly” interacting regime
- hierarchy in the importance of correlation functions
- recall: effective action  $\Gamma$  includes all quantum effects, full scattering amplitudes obtained from tree level diagrams





# Scattering amplitudes

- within Asymptotic Safety: most investigations at level of off-shell RG flow
  - residual dependencies on parameterisation, gauge choice etc.
- scattering amplitudes are on-shell and related to observables - **independent** of such choices

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read fine print for details**

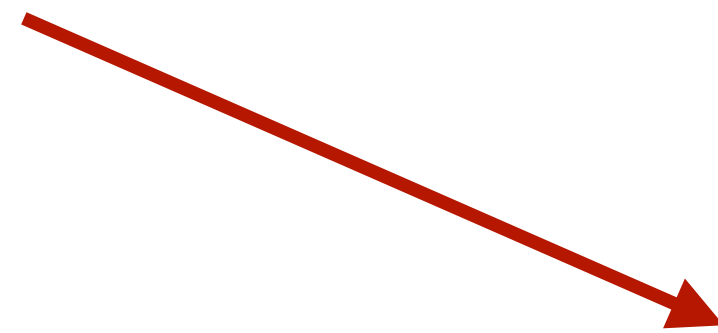
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inessential couplings  
multiply EoM in action

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# Field redefinitions - some examples

- consider “standard” scalar field theory in Minkowski space
- wave function renormalisation inessential:  $\phi \mapsto Z(p^2)^{-1/2}\phi$
- removes non-trivial momentum dependence of propagator by shifting it into interactions
- caveat: needs  $Z > 0$ , cannot remove or add modes

# Field redefinitions - some examples

- consider Starobinsky-type theory,  $R + R^2$ 
  - spectrum: EH + massive scalar
  - field redefinition can change value of  $R^2$  coupling, but cannot be set to zero (removes mode)

# Classes and schemes

- in practice: have to **choose universality class** whose RG flow we are investigating beforehand
  - **fixed** spectrum
  - adapt regularisation, make specific choices for inessential couplings to simplify computations
  - how to treat branch cuts, (strong) IR non-localities, bound states, ...?



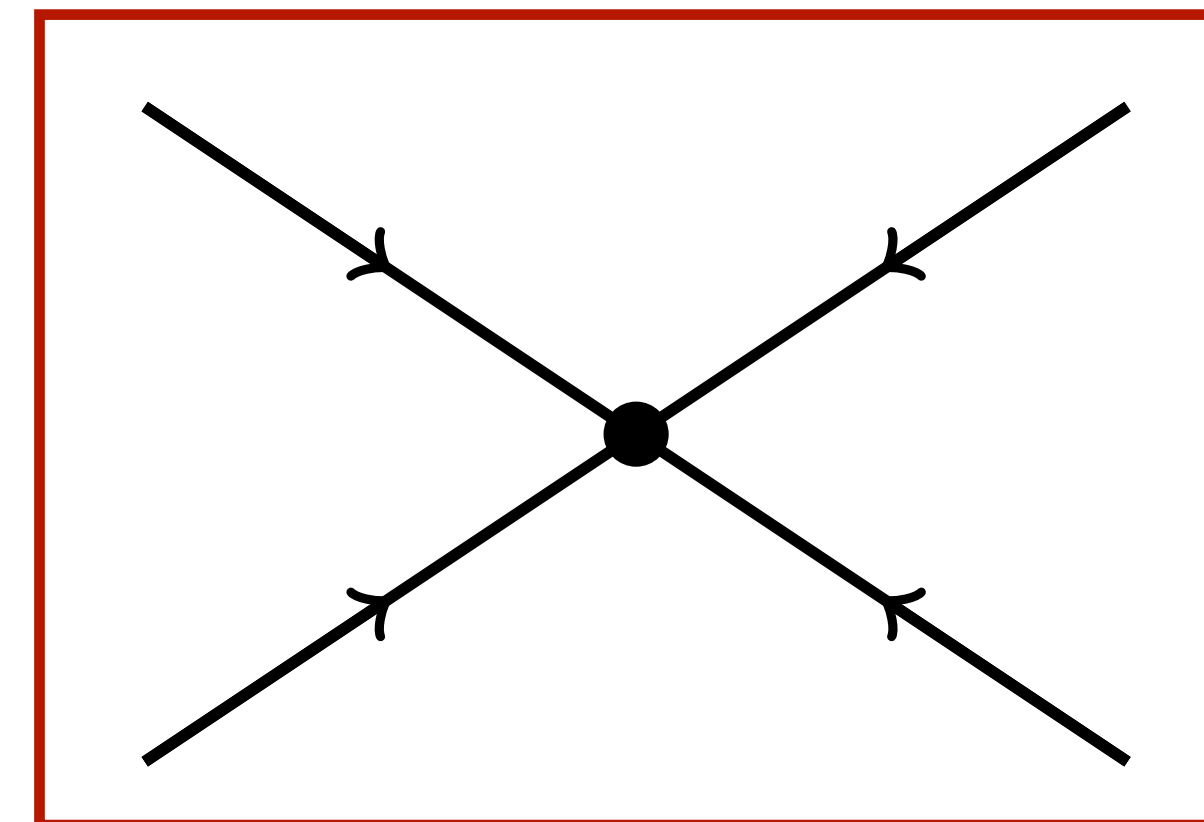
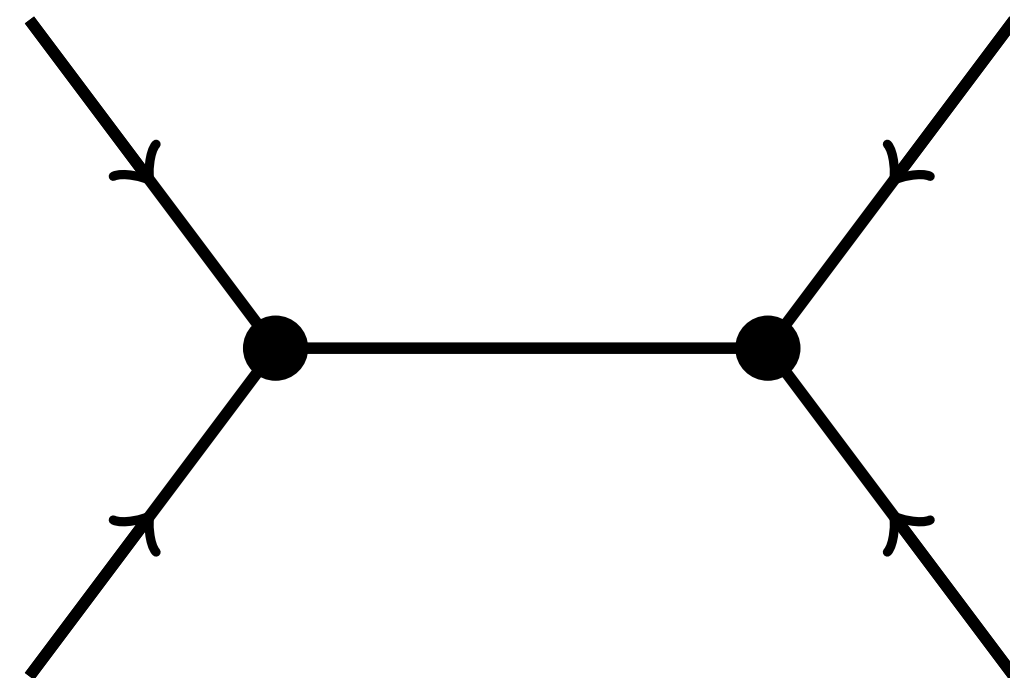
# Classes and schemes

- in practice: have to **choose universality class** whose RG flow we are investigating beforehand
- in the following: discuss **[GR]** (+matter in **[Gauss]**)
  - only “standard” modes (no extra modes, ghostly or not)

# Classes and schemes

- in practice: have to **choose universality class** whose RG flow we are investigating beforehand
- in the following: discuss **[GR]** (+matter in **[Gauss]**)
- philosophy: any inessential couplings that can be set to zero should be set to zero (“minimal essential scheme”)

*Baldazzi, Ben Ali Zinati, Falls 2105.11482  
Baldazzi, Falls 2107.00671*



# Essential couplings in quantum gravity

# Essential couplings in [GR]

# Field redefinitions in QG

- general field redefinition of the metric:

$$g_{\mu\nu} \mapsto c_0 g_{\mu\nu} + c_1 (\square) R_{\mu\nu} + c_2 (\square) R g_{\mu\nu} + \dots$$

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(is this still a Lorentzian metric?)

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- curvature expansion of effective action of **[GR]** in minimal scheme:

$$\Gamma_{[\text{GR}]} = \frac{1}{16\pi G_N} \int d^d x \left[ 2\Lambda - R + \Theta \mathfrak{E} + G_{C^3} C^3 + \mathcal{O}(\mathcal{R}^4) \right]$$

**NB:** only one of  $G_N, \Lambda$  essential,  
cannot set either to zero generically

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- quadratic terms inessential: multiply EoM

$$\left( R - \frac{2d}{d-2} \Lambda + \dots \right) f_R(\square) \left( R - \frac{2d}{d-2} \Lambda + \dots \right)$$

$$(S_{\mu\nu} + \dots) f_S(\square) (S^{\mu\nu} + \dots)$$

$$\square C = \{DDS, DDR\}$$



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- cubic terms almost all inessential, except Goroff-Sagnotti term

no essential  $D^2 C^3, \dots, D^{12} C^3$  terms  
(Bianchi + partial integration)

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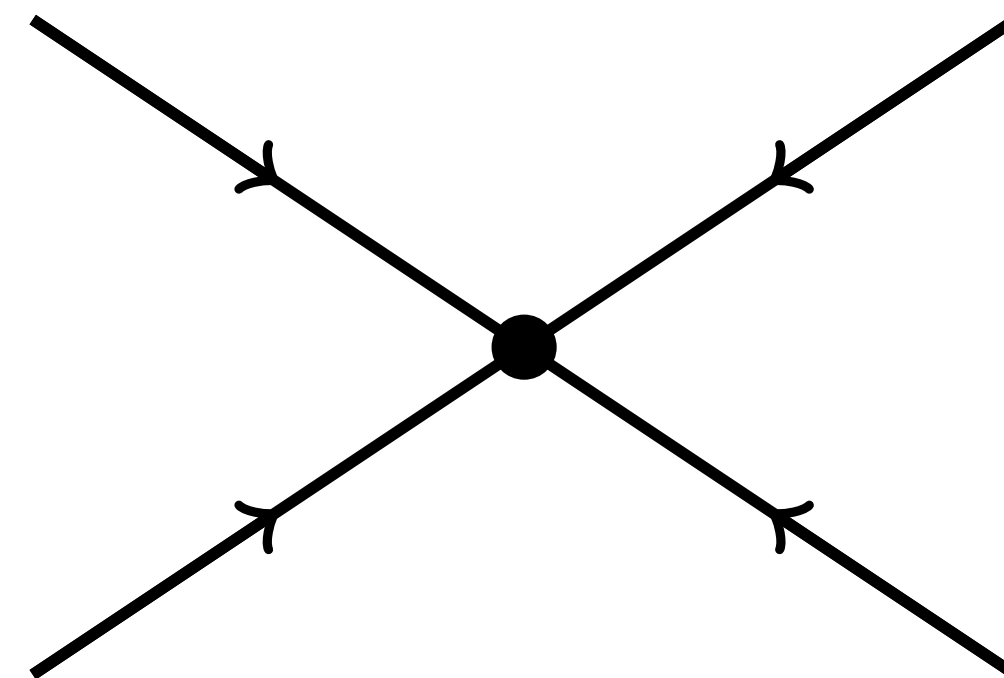
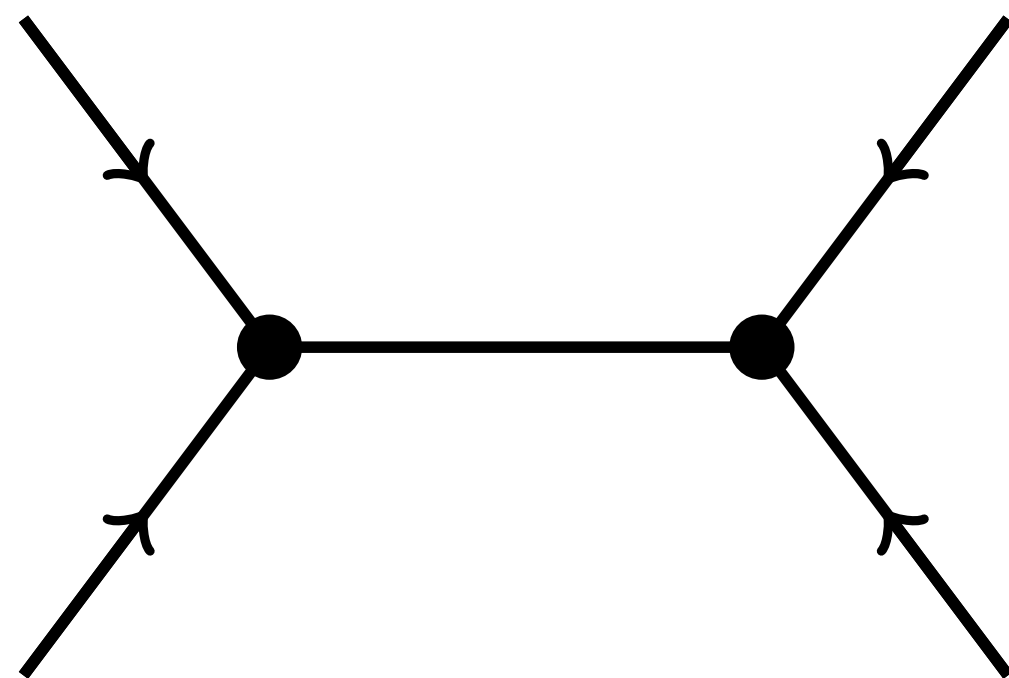
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- essential higher order terms: **only** Weyl + covariant derivatives, no  $\square C$   
structurally,  $f(s, t) C^4$

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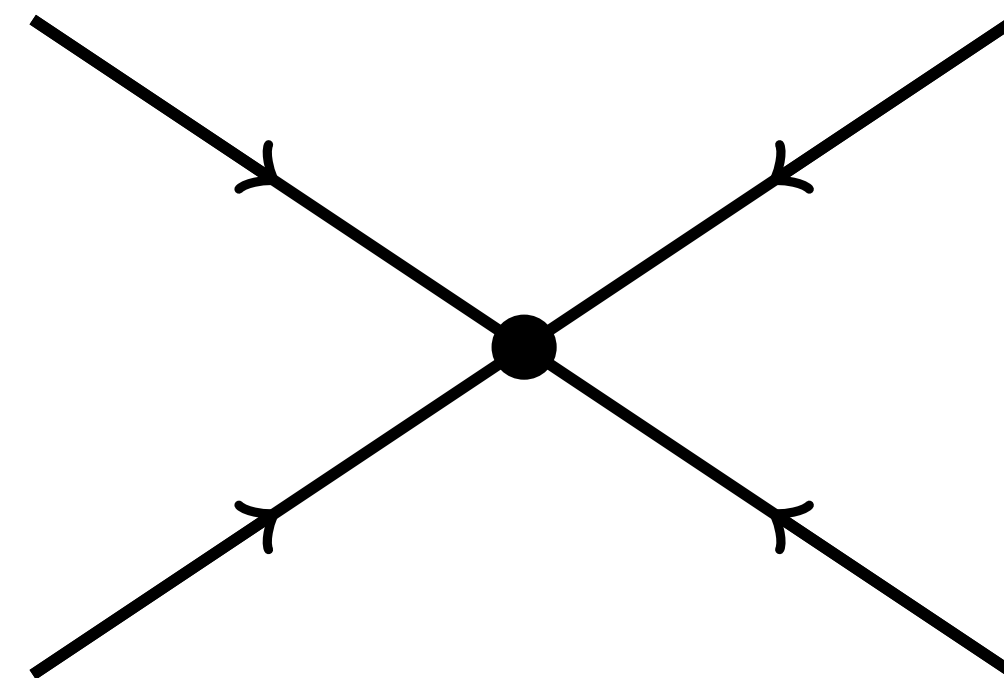
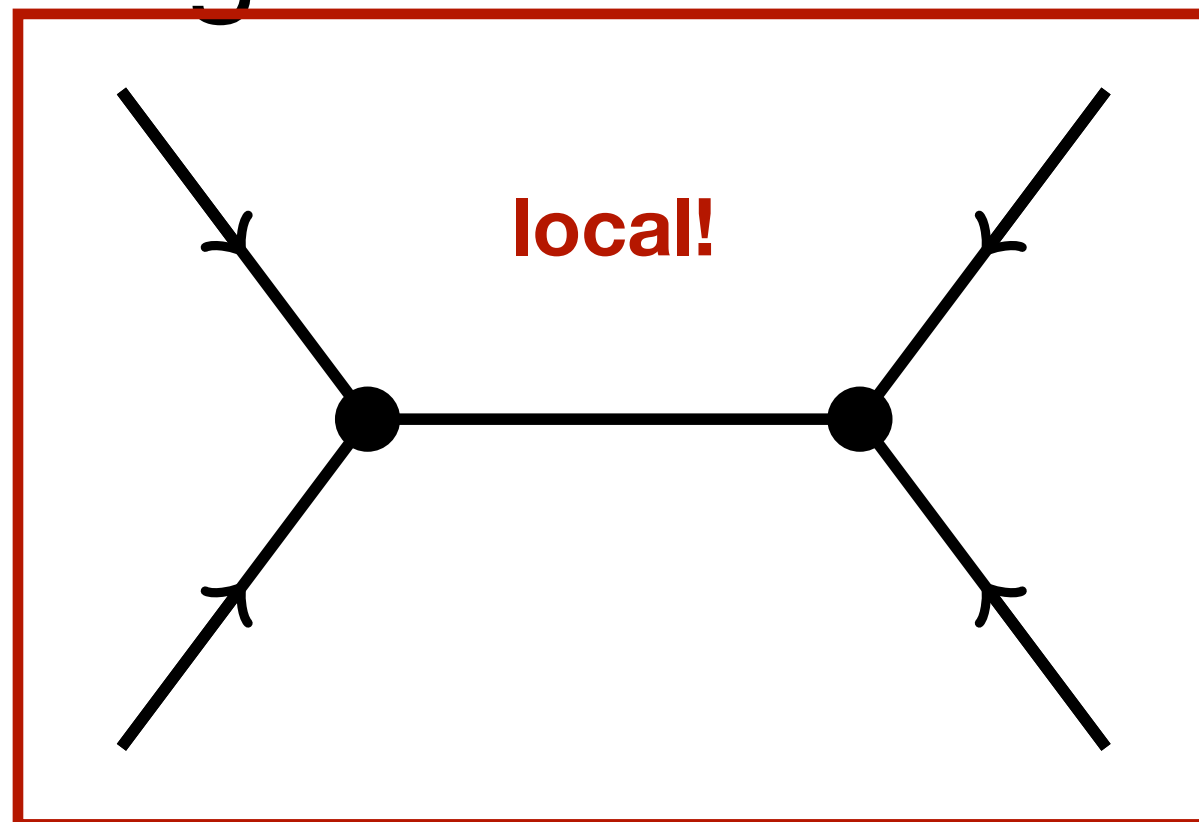
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- if you are in **[GR]**: **non-trivial** scattering physics starts at four-point function
- in FRG: have to impose field redefinition consistently along RG flow - reduction of complexity, but no free lunch
- non-minimal coupling to matter: only involves Weyl tensor

$$C^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} F_{\mu\nu} F_{\rho\sigma}$$

BK, Platania 2405.08860



# RG of essential QG selected results

**FRG equation in essential scheme:**  
*Baldazzi, Ben Ali Zinati, Falls '21*  
*Baldazzi, Falls '21*

# RG flow in [GR]

- consider derivative expansion up to 6th order (d=4):

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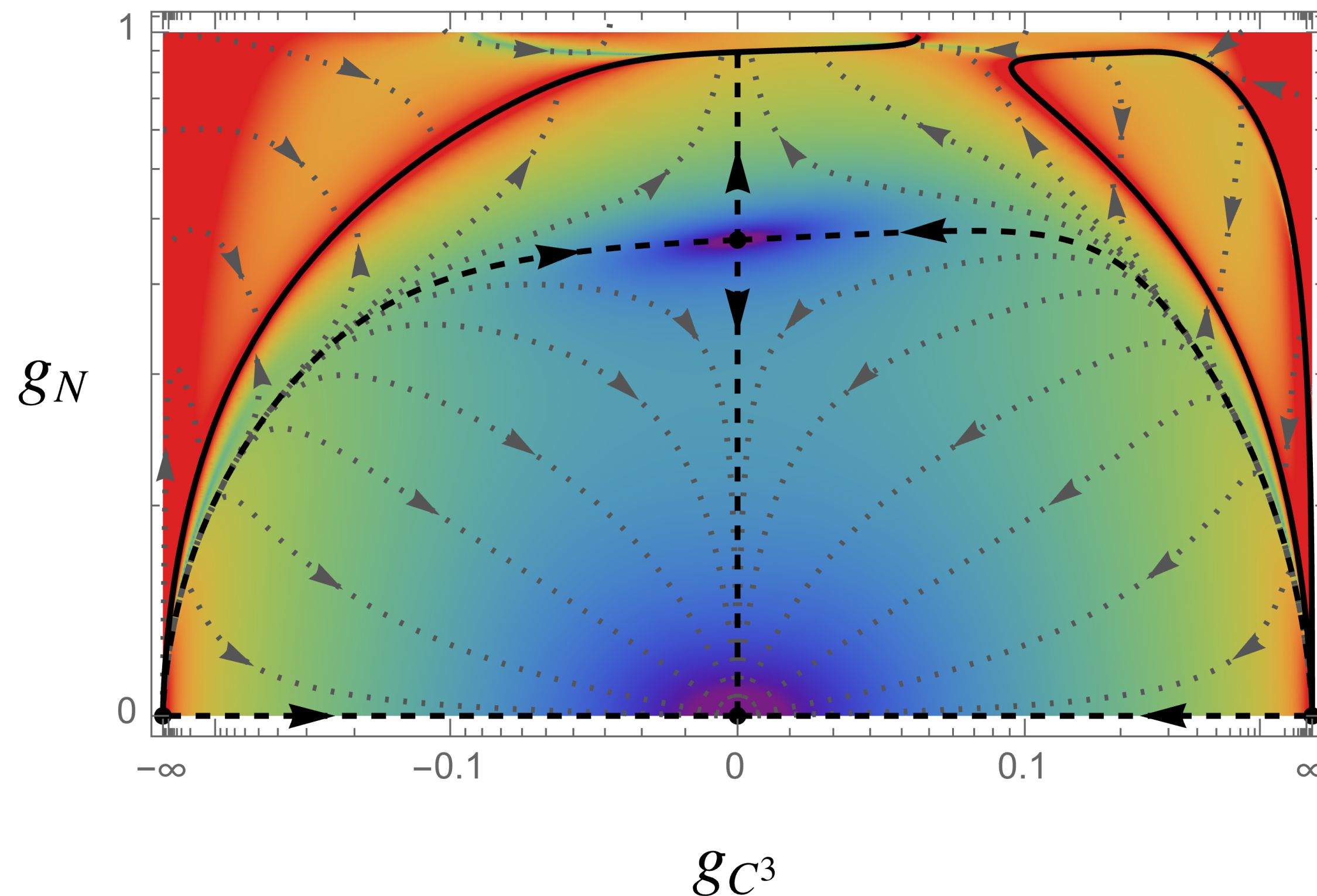
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**10 running field redefinitions!**

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$$\theta_1 = 2.225$$

$$\theta_2 = -3.850$$

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$$G_{C^3} = \left( \frac{G_N}{16\pi} \right)^2 \left( a - \frac{86}{315} \ln G_N k^2 \right)$$

$$a = -0.5065$$

**AS predicts the Goroff-Sagnotti coupling!**

*in line with earlier calculation: Gies, BK, Lippoldt, Saueressig 1601.01800*

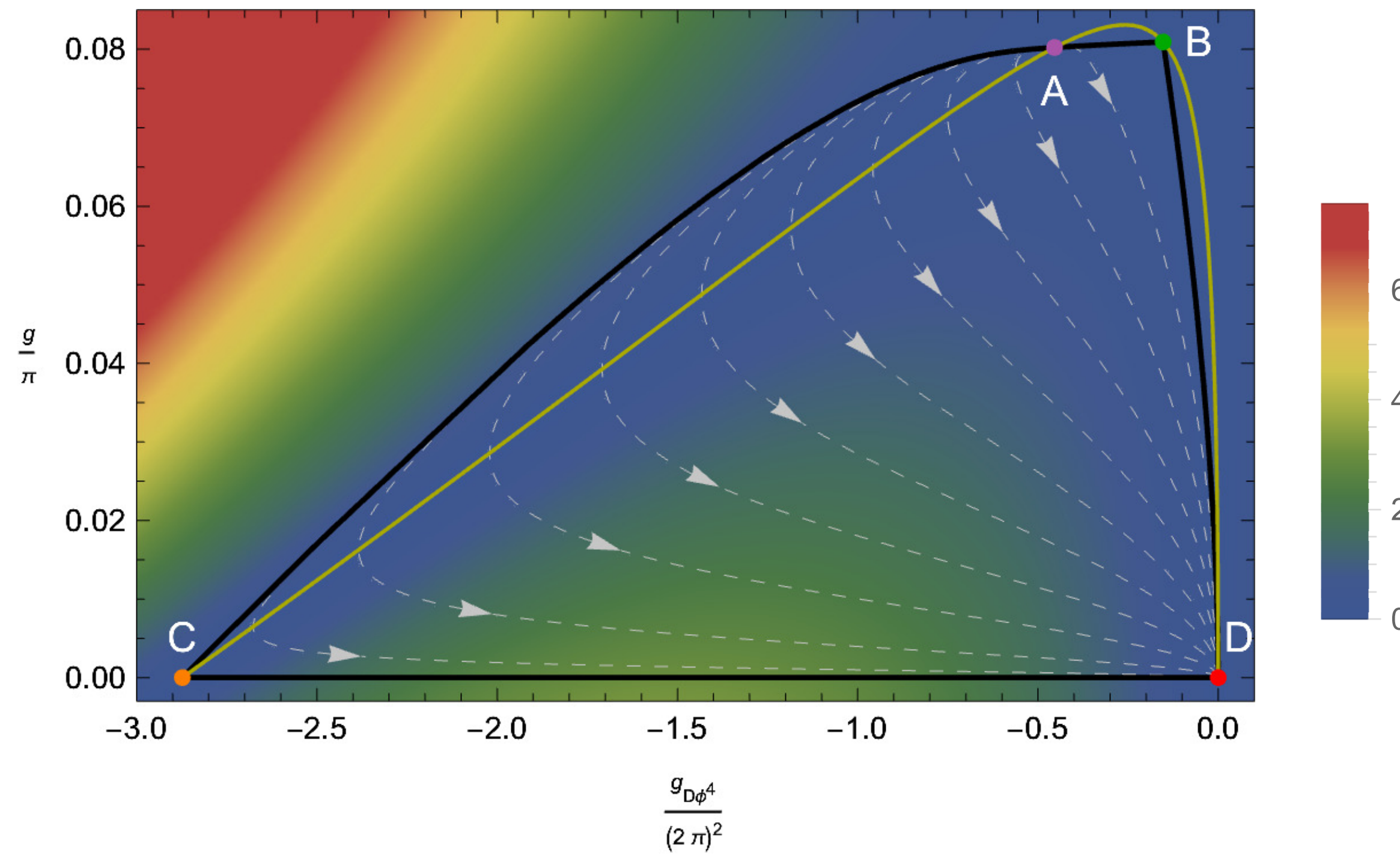
# RG flow in [GR]

- other results:
  - propagator form factors in **[GR]** **BK 2311.12097**
- work in progress:
  - $f(R)$  in **[GR], [R2]** *BK, Sannestedt*
  - 6th order in general dimension *Felici, BK*

# RG flow in [GR]+[Gauss]

- consider derivative expansion up to 4th order coupled to matter:

$$\Gamma_{[\text{GR}]+[\phi]} = \int d^4x \left( \frac{1}{16\pi G_N} [2\Lambda - R + \Theta \mathfrak{E}] + \frac{1}{2} (D_\mu \phi)^2 + G_{D\phi^4} \left( \frac{1}{2} (D_\mu \phi)^2 \right)^2 \right)$$



BK 2204.08564

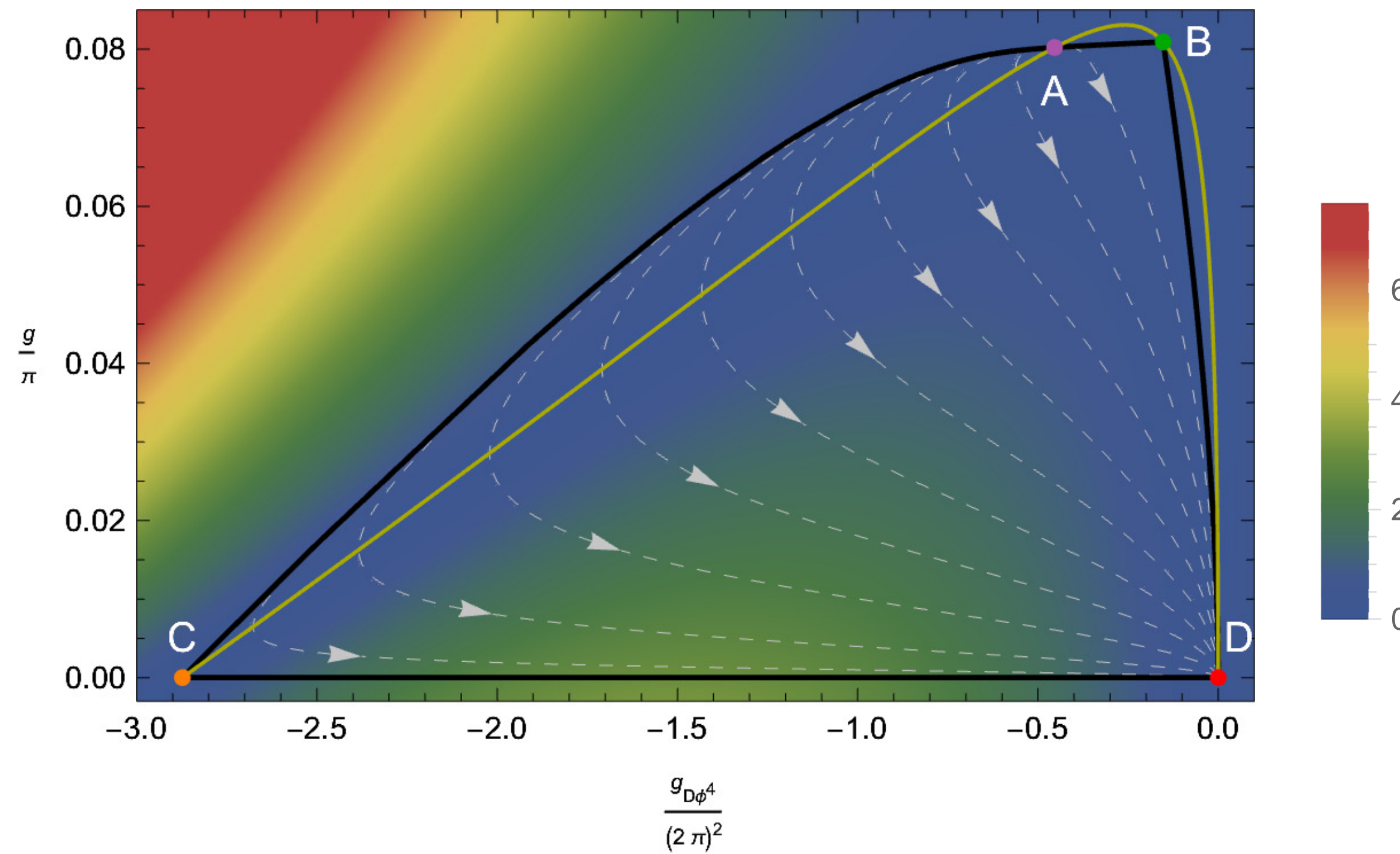
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BK 2204.08564

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*some issues with A+C, B+D stable  
de Brito, BK, Schiffer 2302.10989*



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**BK 2204.08564**

$$\Gamma_{[\text{GR}]+[\gamma]} = \int d^4x \left( \frac{1}{16\pi G_N} [2\Lambda - R + \Theta \mathfrak{E}] + \frac{1}{4} \text{tr} F^2 + G_{\mathcal{F}^2} \left( \frac{1}{4} \text{tr} F^2 \right)^2 + \frac{G_{F^4}}{16} \text{tr} F^4 + G_{CFF} C^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} F_{\mu\nu} F_{\rho\sigma} \right)$$

**BK, Platania 2405.08860**

**intriguing relations to positivity/weak-gravity bounds  
⇒ talk by Alessia**

# Summary

# Summary

- falsifiability is at the heart of science, and it should also be at the heart of quantum gravity research
- scattering amplitudes are promising tool to probe quantum gravity
- field redefinitions allowed - all the difficulty starts at four-point function, strong results need high level of sophistication
- **[GR]** promising from perspective of Asymptotic Safety - maybe no free parameters? AS **[GR]** = string theorists' dreams come true?